To Correspondents.

can be taken of Anonymous Communications werks intended for insertion must be authenticate name and address of the writer—not necessarily for thou, but as a custanty for his good faint. a letters for this olice should be addressed to "The It." New York. letters for this office should be addressed to ," New-York. indertake to return rejected Communications.

Address

The Tribune in London.

STEVENS BROTHERS, (American Agents for Libraria II Hemistia at, Covert Gorden, W. C.), are Agents for the sale THE TRAILINE. They will also receive Scarcattrians a Apparation of the Company of

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE WAR.

Admiral Lee informs the Navy Department that, taking advantage of the recent rive in the Tennes-see, he descended the river to Muscle Shoals, breaking up the Rebel Gen. Roddy's camp, capturing some horses gold. and seven bales of cotton, destroying the Rebel commu-nications and a large number of flats, pontoons, scows

Refugees arriving at Newbern report that beadquarters at Raleigh, having sent Johnston and Oppose Sherman.

Three hundred and fifty Rebel prisoners,

Captured at the battle of Kinsten, on the 10th inst., have reached Baltimore. They expressed themselves tired of the war and willing to take the oath of allegiance, but the opportunity has not yet been afforded

A mass meeting was held at Wilmington N. C., on the 14th, to pass resolutions recognizing the Union address by the Mayor was heartily applauded. Brevet-Brig .- Gen. Marcy of the Second Corps

Army of the Potomac, has been appointed Provo Marshal of that army, relieving Capt. Schuyler, who

under orders from the War Department. He is at

an front of the Ninth Corps, before Petersburg, but no sufficient cause for the demonstration could be dis-

There has been no fighting at Kinston, N. C. since Friday last. Our lesses in the recent engagements are estimated at 2,000, and the energy's at 3,000. A Colonel in Sherman's army arrived at Wil-

mington reports that the latter expected to occupy Goldsboro on the 20th. Sixty new recruits were obtained at the Bat

tery and Park Barracks alone yesterday. The Rebel Pirate Tallahassee is reported to

have been at Bermuda on the 11th inst.

Three deserters were executed in Gen. Grant's

GENERAL NEWS.

Ignatz Ratzky, the murderer of Fellner, the diamond merchant, was yesterday brought before the

wasnot so abundant as it would otherwise have been and prices consequently ranged higher -the brokers ch-

of the brain. He was but 39 years of age, and leaves a been applied to repairing, keeping up and the freshet is the greatest of the century. wife and three children.

missioners of Appeal. Their labors will probably be head is to confess judgment on the main

The Hudson River is open to Albany, and the first propeller was to leave this city vesterday after-The light-draught monitor Modoc was suc-

amended the Tax Levy, which, after considerable dis- Road can carry its passengers for one cent and cussion, was finally passed. The recent fall in cotton goods is said to have

The Alleghany River rose fourteen feet on Saturday, and completely submerged a portion of the

Robert C. Kennedy, the hotel-burner and the fact that the stock and bonds of the Central, where the most harm has been suffered and spy, has been sentenged to be hung on Saturday next. | as of many if not most other railroads, do not Government sends out by Wednesday's

are easier. The engagements to Liverpool are 120 boxes Baco at 2s. 6d.; 150 tes. Lard, on private terms, and per steamer 200 bales Cotton at §d.; 200 boxes Bacon at 20a., and 500 boxes Cheese at 25a. To London, 100 logs Cedar at 15a. per tun

neasurement. To Glasgow, 20 tuns Tallow at 10s. Last Evening.—The attendance very large and excitement intense. Gold after call 186; railled to 189; and closed at 186;

We publish in another column of this moraing's paper, a list comprising about 1,200 names meanly calculate that they have only to bore of prisoners who died in the Salisbury pens hard enough, and "most of them will be grat-7,00 during the months of December, January and ified, in order to get rid of them." And (as 3.00 February.

for the increase of fare on the N. Y. Central ill success with the People "gives them a pre-Railroad through the Senate. The advocates emption right to place." We beg leave most of the bill have yet to prove that the road does emphatically to dissent. day its lowest price at the Evening Board was abatement. 1583. A decline of nearly 50 per cent in 30 days is reason enough, were there no other, to defeat any legislation based on the price of

RAILHOAD LEGISLATION.

Gen. R. E. Lee is in command in North Carolina, with latures may secure a remedy for this by allow- as agents, and instructions for their guidance. capital, replacing the force Lee has taken with him to which charge highest are decidedly the most into our possession. sponds that

Cannonading was heard all day on Saturday the Harlem is better built or stocked than the West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Mis-

the Central to have at one time its President and Superintendent Democratic Members of Congress, and its Vice-President and most influential Director Chairman of the Democratic fair dividends to their stockholders. Now it beday to canvass the returns of the late election for Com. and dividends. To bar inquiry on this question at issue. And if it be a fact that Navigation may be said to be resumed for another and a small fraction each per mile, then it becomes the managers of our chief roads to show cossfully launched yesterday at Greenpoint. It is ex. why they cannot do at least as well: they havone-seventh per mile, the New-York Central brought the manufacturers to a stand-still. But few might surely carry its passengers for one cent to tell us schu not!

Finally, The Times fails to notice our demur to its proposed restriction of dividends based on honestly represent the actual cost of construc-

idence," "inscrutable decrees," "visitation of they will avoid some lamentable mistakes to God," &c., &c., a shameless imposter. The which many are now addicted, President is being killed by monstrous experiments on his patience and good nature-killed by the greed and impudence of bores, who pacious experimenters on his kindness of heart We learn from Albany that a strong effort is are certain recently discarded Members of Conto be made to-day or to-morrow to put the bill gress, who strangely seem to imagine that their

not make a living profit at two cents a mile for It is of the gravest National consequence that passengers, but content themselves with the the President should now be able to fix his atassertion that the high price of gold is reason tention exclusively on the National crisis, and

THE SEVEN - THIRTIES GOING SOUTH.

There is lying at Fortress Monroe, in the Adams Express office, a large box addressed to day. one of JAY COOKE's Government Loan Sub. The exchanged prisoners who kept and brought The N. Y. Times urges that the Railroads of scription Agents at "Richmond, Va." It couand cances at Lamb's Ferry, and penetrating Elk

The N. Y. Times urges that the Railroads of scription Agents at "Richmond, Va." It couthis country are far inferior in solidity, duratains hand-bills and circulars giving popular bility and safety to those of the Old World- information about the Seven-Thirty Loan, and which is quite true-and argues that our Legis- the compensation of banks and brokers who act

> "The restriction imposed by law upon one great road, rests equally upon all the roads running in competition with it. How can the Eric Road charge three cents per mile while the Central charges but two? The law operates upon all the roads of the State. They are all restricted in point of fact to substantially the roads of the State. They had, These are charged with the duty of the news of their safe arrival in Knoxville, stated that the roads of the State. They had the roads of the State. printed tariffs of the several companies. The making permanent arrangements for its diffuon its way fares—the rates of the former some time been established in every Northern saw any arms in the whole party. are not. Yet no one will gravely contend that and Western State, and has been extended to souri-and last week was extended to California, Oregon, Nevada and Colorado.

and longitude, stronger than steel.

ordered by the Governor of the State.

Owing to the general interruption of travel and transportation, the supply of heef at Bull's Head yes run the Democratic machinery of a State. But hope, sufficient outlets, and wrought already

keep their road in good working order and pay to the sea. The Ammonoosuc, the Con-Hudson, the Mohawk, the the SA brutal marder occurred in Philadelphia on hooves them to show that the income hitherto Genesee, the Susquehanna, the Alleghany and do school officers or the Central Park Commissioners, Brown having been shot thrive by a drunken soldier, received by them under this contract has been Monongahela, the Cumberland—wherever East Brown having been shot thrive by a drunken soldier.

The murderer had not, at lest accounts, been arrested.

John M. Lenan, the artist, died at his residual formulation of the properties of that it has not been diverted into the pockets of prevailed and the same or similar scenes of getting. But, says some thoughtless advocate of paydence in Brooklyn, on Sunday morning, of congestion their managers and their favorites, but has all devastation are to be witnessed. It is agreed ing them, "If you give them a salary they will

morning. But no description is adequate, nor is a frightful monotony in the dispatches, the Governor ought forthwith to remove them from Travel is everywhere interrupted, cities half office and the Grand Jury ought to indict them as pubwhy they cannot de at least as well. The passfully launched yesterday at Greenpoint. It is expected she will be put in commission within three ing to contend with a far less rugged topographics while a far less rugged topographics are phy, and having a much larger business, cheaper phy, and having a much larger business wept away, telegraph lines broken down, great mills and founderies and furnaces ruined, property of all kinds and of incalculable value per year, their necessities will not be so great and they will utterly destroyed or greatly damaged. And of gument) and this increased price will have to come out of course many lives have been lost and there is the Taz-payers of the city, and therefore I object to the proall through the districts ravaged by these fresh- posed salary, as unfair to the public, unjust to the voters, ets an amount of suffering appalling to contem- and demoraliting in its influence on office seekers. plate. As railway and telegraphic communication are resumed, we shall learn specifically where relief is most urgently needed.

benestly represent the actual cost of construction of the controller of the Currence, will probly ester on his duties to day.

Solicitor Whiting, after a protracted illieus, his true the controller of the Currence, will probly ester on his duties to day.

Solicitor Whiting, after a protracted illieus, his true the controller of the Currence, will probly ester on his duties at the War Department.

The deaths in this city, the past week were the destruction falls not upon weather. As returned to his duties at the War Department.

The deaths in this city, the past week were the destruction falls not upon weather. As returned to his duties at the War Department.

The deaths in this city, the past week were the destruction falls not upon weather than the controller has a weather than the controller has a weather than the controller has a weathing to the creaming from the controller was a destruction of Supervisors and Aldermen were please of the controller was an additional to the controller was a weathing to the controller was a weathing to the controller was a weathing to the creaming the controller was a weathing to the controller was a subsequent to the problem of the controller was a subsequent to the controller was a subsequent to the problem of the controller was a subsequent to the controller was a subsequent to the controller was a subsequent to the problem of the controller was a subsequent to the problem of the controller was a subsequent to the controller was a subsequent to the problem of the controller was a subsequent to the problem of the controller was a subsequent to the controller was For of course relief is needed in many places

notice that we shall hold any one who pre- people learn to lay less stress on mere texts and sumes in that case to talk of "mysterious Prov. give more heed to the spirit of the Scriptures,

> A bill is before the Legislature of our State to facilitate the construction of Piers and Warehouses for the commerce of our City, which shall be a convenience and an ornament, instead of being a disgrace and an unsightly nuisance. as our wharves now are. The plan is that of Mr. J. B. Hyde; but it asks nothing of State or City but liberty to achieve a great public good at the cost and risk of its promoters. We can imagine no avowable reason for opposing it.

THE DEAD AT SALISBURY-REPORTS FROM THE Paison .- We print to-day another appalling list of the dead at Salisbury, comprising those who died in the hospitals from the 18th of December, the day upon which our correspondents escaped, until all enough for the advance in the rate of fare. To devote all his time and thoughts to the securing the prisoners of war were removed to Richmond meet them on this ground alone we remind of a satisfactory pacification of our country at and Wilmington for exchange. There were many Senators that the price of gold on the 20th of the earliest practicable moment. The office-February, one month ago, was 2043. It has seekers are not only killing the President; they been rapidly falling ever since as the speedy are imperiling the life of the Nation. We urge ters, and of whom no memoranda whatever was coming of peace seems more certain, and yester- the People to insist on their instant and thorough kept. They go to swell the list of the nameless and unrecorded dead who have cheerfully given up their lives "for our dear country's sake," and whose memories the Republic will ever delight to

through this record, state that The Salisbury Daily Watchman in announcing the escape of the correspondents, pronounced the occurrence very mortifying, inasmuch as they were the most important prisoners in the garrison; but asserted that they were certain to be brought back within a week, as ing them to increase their rates of fare. We This box will probably be the very first freight scouts had been sent out for them and the country Beauregard to defend Richmond. They also report meet this by the undeniable fact that those roads had need this by the undeniable fact that the hid quietly in sight of the prison until the scouts rickety and perilous. To this, The Times re- Experienced agents have also been dispatched had gone out, and kept all the time behind them, it by Mr. Cooke to Norfolk and Fortress Monroe, was hardly strange that their fancied pursuers could

-We appeal from this naked assertion to the popularizing the Seven-Thirty Loan, and son, Browne and Davis had been seen going through the mountains on horseback, armed to the authority of the Federal Government. It was attended by the most prominent and respectable citizens, and a Eric now charges on all its way travel from three to three and a half cents per mile. So sippi to Memphis, Vicksburg, New-Orleans, and cer, who was also a traveling arsenal. The story with nearly all the branch and cross roads.

Other important Southern cities. They are probably sprung from the fact that once, while in under orders to reach as soon as practicable Wilkes County, North Carolina, they were pursued darshel of that army, relieving Capt. Schuyler, who, resome time past, has held the position.

Gen. Thomas Francis Meagher was suspended

River, charges at least fifty per cent. more

Application of the principal towns on the Gulf. Guard, who noticed that one of their companions from command on the 10th inst. by Gen. Schofield, on its way fares—the rates of the former hand-bills, and newspaper advertising, has for

Sin: I protest against the passage through

The Times says:

"We hope the question of relieving the State railroads from existing legal restrictions as to fares may be
discussed, before it is decided, on some higher grounds
than those thus far ecverally assumed. Whether the
New-York Central Road isor is not a party machinawhether its directors and managers get too much or too
little for their services—whether it divides among its
stockholders more or less than its legitimate earnings
—whether it pays too much or too little for the fact, oil,
the, which it uses, may be important questions, but
they have very little to do with the only point we have
presented for public consideration—namely, the general
policy by which the State can best serve the public in
terest, as that interest is involved in the safety and
good management of our railroads."

—We certainly think it was a mistake for
the Central to have at one time its President dition of service to be rendered, not one word was said about dollars. The Electors are ready to complete their part of the contract on the terms agreed on, and if the We trust we have heard the worst of the great freshet. To-day's accounts are mainly soon find others equally fit to take their places. These Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer, and sent the least the work of the least the least the work of the least the work of the least the least the work of the least the least the least the work of the least the least trusts and simultaneously serve in Congress of has poured over the country has found, we may and agreed to do their work on the terms run the Democratic machinery of a State. But hope, sufficient outlets, and wronght already offered, and they must do that work for the this stand aside, while we insist that it is mischief enough in its reckless course to satisfy the price offered, or allow others to who are willing. and prices consequently ranged higher—the brokers chtaining an advance of 2 cents per pound on last week's
taining an advance of 2 cents per pound on last week's
are or are not squandered or misappropriated.

It has been no partial or local overflow, but
Take another view. It may be said that the public prices.

The first ship-load of cotton from the fields of the managers ask to be released from the performance of a contract fairly made by them with the American and British West India Company, the American and British West India Company, the American and British West India Company, the State, alieging that they cannot otherwise day. The cargo consisted of 20,000 points of the best keep their road in good working order and pay to the sea. The Ammonocome the Company to the sea. The Ammonocome the Company to the sea of the Company to the sea of the Company to the sea of the bour thereof these men agreed to work, considered the contract fairly made by them with the state, alieging that they cannot otherwise keep their road in good working order and pay to the sea. The Ammonocompany to the contract fairly made by them with the public of the bourt thereof these men agreed to work, considered the contract fairly made by them with the public of the managers ask to be released from the performance of a contract fairly made by them with the sea of the contract fairly made by them with the sea of the contract fairly made by them with the sea of the contract fairly made by them with the sea of the contract fairly made by them with the public of the managers ask to be released from the performance of a contract fairly made by them with the sea of the contract fairly made by them with the public of the managers ask to be released from the performance of a contract fairly made by them with the sea of the contract fairly made by them with the public of the managers ask to be released from the performance of a contract fairly made by them with the public of the managers ask to be released from the public of the managers ask to be released from the public of the contract fairly made by them with the public of the managers ask to be released from the public of the contract fairly made by them with the contract fairly made by them with the public of the contract fairly made by them with the public of the contract fairly made by have less temptation to connive at improper modes of been applied to repairing, adjusted the destruction which thus spreads in jobs, contracts, &c., &c. So, these men having the Board of County Canvassers met yester-and dividends. To bar inquiry on this over half a continent were given yesterday, told the Public that they were honest, that they would over half a continent were given yesterday, told the Public that they were honest, that they would over half a continent were given yesterday, told the Public that they were honest, that they would not be the destruction which thus spreads in jobs, contracts, &c., &c. So, these men having over half a continent were given yesterday, told the Public that they were honest, that they would not be the destruction which thus spreads in jobs, contracts, &c., &c. So, these men having over half a continent were given yesterday, told the Public that they were honest, that they would not be the public that they were honest, that they would not be the public that they were honest, that they were honest, that they would not be the public that they were honest, that they would not be the public that they were honest, they wer and more will be found in other columns this faithfully work on certain conditions, now turn round (by their friends) and tell us that we must give then the Railroads of Massachusetts carried their is it easy to take in at once the accounts which passengers throughout 1864 at a cost of a cent passengers throughout 1864 at a cost of a cent from all quarters crowd in upon us. Yet there friends of paying the present Common Council, then submerged, thousands of miles of fertile terri-lie musances, whose example tends to corrupt the pub-lie morals. Further. Paying these men, we are told,

THE TAX LEVY-ITS PINAL PASSAGE BY THE BOARD, ETC.
The Board met at two o'clock, p. m., on Mon-

Beard of Councilmen.

A resolution was adopted directing the Mty Inspec-tor to contract with Daniel Gallagher to remove the night soil from the city for a period of ten years, upon said Gallagher filing a bond for security for the faithful performance of his contract and paying into the City Treasury \$4,000 annually. The Board adjourned to 2 p, m. this day.

REMONSTRANCE AGAINST A DUMPING GROUND-

Halance march 15, 100 ordered on file.

The semi-annual report of Fire-Marshal Baker was cecived, from which we extract the following items:

Number of fires from June 1, 1864, to Dec. 1, 1864, 183, Alleged loss by the same, \$2, 166, 556; amount of insurance, \$4,211,342; amount of insurance paid, \$1,236,248. Received and ordered on file. The Board then adourned to Monday next at 2 o'clock p. m.

"A Soldier's Family in Distress."

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

Sin: Permit me gratefully to acknowledge the receipt of the following sums of money for the relief of the widow and family of the New-York State soldier who lately died at this Home, spoken of in your paper of Saturday. Since that notice was printed two of the children have died, and another is now low with the small pox. The whole family live like too many others

of our poor in this cit	, in o	Be small thom to rece .	2 .
	\$10 00 5 00 7 00	A Friend	1 2
S. A. Rosevelt B. Travia & Co	3 28	Friend to Orphans and Widows Mr. Boyd	5
Young man	2 00 50 00	From a Lady	5 4 2 5
M. A. Ruland Mrs. J. Owen	5 00 1 00 10 00	Daughter of an Officer killed in battle M. L	10 10
Mrs. Weed	1 00	Mrs. Rogers, clothing. Ed. J. W. Jacksonville. South Street	10
Peter Nea'	1 00 1 00 1 50	C. B	5
Mrs. Sears	2 00 2 00 2 00	Brown & Powers J. T. F	5 1 5 2
George Keys. Friend to the Soldier. Monogrou, J. C. H Redding	3 00	S. R	5
m		-	245

Among the many pleasant notes received was the fol-

We wish the friends of the soldier would visit this

place oftener. We need some flowers occasionally, and a few gold fishes and Canary birds would give this temporary rest of the soldiers a more home-like look. New York State Soldiers' Depot, No. 50 Howard et ...

Y. City. March 20, 1865.				
Evening Exchange-MARCH 20.				
American Gold.	Erie.	Rock Island.		
80,000 159	1,000 60	200 89		
10,000158]	500 60	100 89		
180,000 159 10,000 s3. 159	1.500 60	100 89		
10,000 159	500 604	100 89		
20,000 159	100 60	600 89		
5,000 159 50,000	100 60	400 897		
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10.000 158	500 604	500 88 500 88		
10,000 159 5,000 159	300 604	500 83. 881		
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Five-Twenties.	S00 60g	200 891 100s10. 891		
10,000 o.is.105	800s3. 603 100 605	100s10. 891 500 894		
5,000105] Ten-Forties.	20083. 603	100 894		
10,000 . b3. 904 N. Y. Central.	Ohio & Miss.cer.	800 894		
N. Y. Central.	1 10,000 83. 24	900 89		
200100} 100s3.100}	10,000s3. 24 20,000 24	Canton Co.		
300100	10,000 241	100 281		
200100]	Hudson River.	100 281		
100100	100100	200 28		
100 1001 100 85.100	100100	Pittsburgh.		
400100	100100	500 61		
#1001001	100100	100 601		
100 100 100 100	100s3.100	200 604		
100100	100 s3.100	100 602		
4001004	100\$3.100	200 604		
1200100	100 99	200 604		
400100 10083.100	100 993	200		
10083.1001	100 99	100s3. 99;		
100100}	200 99	200100		
1001002 10083.1002	200b3, 991 100991	100100		
100 83, 1001	100 991	Cumberland.		
1001002	400 99]	500 39		
200в3.100	200100	50039		
Reading. 99	100 993	100 381		
500 99	100 994	500 381		
200 99	100 99½ 700100¼	200 381		
200 99 200 99	Fort Wayne.	200 83. 38		
100 987	Fort Wayne. 82	200s3. 38		
400 99	200 82	400 384 560 381		
500 99	100 82	40038		
200 99	100 82	100		
200	200 821	10038] Wy. Val. Coal.		
Mich. Southern. 20059	400 821 200 821			
400 59	100 \$3. 821	100 54 1		
10059	100s3. 82 100s3. 82	Mariposa Mining		
200 59	North-Western.	300 101		
100 b3. 59	100b60. 25	160 10]		
100 59	100b3. 25	100 104		
500 581 100 83. 581	10083. 25 100 25	10083. 10		
200 83. 582	100 25	Quicksilver.		
100b3. 587	100 251	500b30. 65		
100s3. 59 Mich. Central.	100 251 100 251	N. Western pref.		
100 991		200 501		

From St. Louis.

CASE OF ROBERT C. KENNEDY, THE SPY AND INCENDIARY.

He is Sentenced to be Hung on Saturda

Next. HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST, NEW-YORK CITY, March 20, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 24.—I. Before a Military Com

Orders, No. 14, current series, from these headquarters of January 17, 1865, and of which Brigadier Genera

Fits Henry Warren, United States Volunteers, is President, was arraigned and tried, Robert C. Kennedy: CHARGE I.—"Acting as a Spy."

Specification I.—"In this, that Robert C. Kennedy, a captain in the military service of the insurgent States, was found acting as a spy in the city of New-York, in the State of New-York, on or about the lat day of No

State of Makingan, on radout as that my of Becesser, 1864."

CHARGE H.-VIOLATION OF THE LAWS OF WAR.

Specification.—"In this, that Robert C. Kennedy, a captain in the military service of the insurgent States undertook to carry on irregular and unlawful warfers in the city and State of New York, and, in the execution of said undertaking, attempted to burn and destroy the said city of New York, by setting fire thoreto All this in the said city of New-York, on or about the 25th day of November, 1854."

To which charges and specifications the accused pleaded "Not Guilty."

FENDING.—Of specification 1st, Charge I. "Guilty."

To which charges and specifications the accused pleaded "Not Guilty."
FINDING.—Of specification 1st, Charge I. "Guilty." Of specification 2d, Charge I., "Guilty." Of Charge II., "Guilty." Of Specification 2d, Charge II., "Guilty." Of Charge II., "Guilty."

Senizone.—And thereupon the Commission sentence him, said Robert C. Keenedy, captain in the military service of the insurgent States, "to be hanged by the neck until dead, at such time and place as the Genera in command of the Department may direct," two-thirds of the members concerning therein.

II. The Major-General Commonating approves the proceedings, finding and sentence of the Court. It is shown by the testimony.

1. That the accused has been an officer in the service of the insurgent States, since August 1861.

2. That he was in the city of New-York in disguisa, and under a faise name, in the month of November, several weeks immediately preceding the attempt to set the city on fire.

3. That he was here for a purpose which be refused to disclose, and that he returned hastily by night to Camada.

4. That he stated, in the presence of several person, that he set fire to Barnam's Museum, and to one of the

to disclose, and that he returned hastily by hight to Canada.

4. That he stated, in the prasence of several persons, that he set fire to Barnam's Museum, and to one of the "down town" hotels; and

5. That he was arrested at Detroit in disguise, armed with a revolver, traveling under a false name, and with a passport representing himself to be a loyal citizen. On proof of these facts he was convicted of ucting a spy and carrying on irregular and illegal warfara. The person who testified to his confession of having set on fire Barnam's Museum and one of the hotels if the lower part of the city, was not under duress or as accomplice, was a reluctant witness, and could have as motive to make a false statement. He is corroborated by other testimony.

motive to make a false statement. He is corroborated by other testimony.

The attempt to set fire to the gits of New-York is out of the greatest atrocities of the age. There is nothing in the annals of barbarism which evinces greater via dictiveness. It was not a mere attempt to destroy the city, but to set fire to crowded hotels and places of public resort, in order to secure the greatest possible distruction of human life. The evidence shows that Barnum's Museum and ten hotels were fired on the evening of the 26th of November, the fires in most of them breaking out in quick succession, and indicating not only deliberate and complex design and concert on the part of the incenduaries, but a cool calculation to create a many conflagrations at the same time as to ballo the effects of the Fire Department to extinguish them, is all the buildings fired, not only non-combatant men, but women and children, were congregated in great numbers, and nothing but the most disholical spirit of revence could have impelled the incendiaries to acts so revolting.

The participation of the accused in this lanaman con-

revence could have impelled the incendiaries to acts so revolting.

The participation of the accused in this innuman entoruche is a crime which follows him, and his liability to answer it is not to be cast of by withdrawing for a time from the partialistion within the it was committed. He has not only been gullry or carrying or irregular warfare, in violation of the usuages of criting states in the conduct of war, but he has, by outraging every principle of humanity, incurred the highest perality known to the law.

His oscape to Canada was followed in a few days by his return to the United States, again in disguise, whis a new name, and personating a loyal clitizen, while holding a commission in the service of the insurgents thus furnishing the highest prime facts evidence that he was acting as a spp. No rebetting evidence was produced on the trial, although it continued, twenty-three days, of which fifteen were given to the accused, by adjournments, to procure testimony and prepare his different in the Confederacy," and the other, a certificate made by him that he was a citizen of the State of Louisiana, with a request that he might be provided with means to return "to the Confederacy," Admitting their genuinenses, they do not repet the pressure pion arrived by the circumstances attending his arrest—the disguise and the false prevences, with which he was a found within our lives. His flight to Canada was ineness, they do not repel the pressu piton raised by the circumstances attending his arrest—the disguise and the false protences, with which he was found within our lines. His flight to Canada was not a return within the lines of his own army. If he had found his way back to the insurgent States and has been subsequently captured in battle, he could not have been convicted under the first specification of the first charge. But neither of these facts exists to remove or terminate his liability to conviction under that specification.

Whatever question may exist as to the effect of his return to Canada, after having lurked as a spy, as charged in the first specification, no such question can arise as to his guilt as a spy, as charged in the account apecification, which sets forth an offense entirely distinct from the first, of which he has been convicted on all proof.

ull proof.

The Major-General Commanding considers his duty as clear in this case as in that of Beall. The lives, the as clear in this case as in that of Beall. The lives, the property, the domestic security of non-combatant citizens must be protected against all invasion not in strict accordance with the laws and usages of civilized stages in the conduct of war. Crimes, which outrage and shock the moral sense by their structty, must not only be punished and the perpentators be deprived of the power of repeating them, but the sternest condemnation of the law must be presented to others to deter them from the remmission of similar enormaties.

Hobert C. Kennedy will be langed by the neck till he is dead, at Fort Lafayette, New York Harbot, on Saturday, the 25th day of March instant, between the hours of twelve, noon, and two in the afternoon.

The communiting officer of Fort Lafayette is charged with the execution of this order.

By command of Maj. Gen. Dix.

D. T. VAN Bures. Col. and Ass. Adj. Gen.

By command of Maj. Gen. Dix.
D. T. VAN BUREN, Col. and Ass. Adj. Gen.
E. W. HOOFER, Aide-de-Camp.

Important from New-Orleans. New-Onceans, Monday, March 13, 1865. Via Catho, 20th.

The Picamine's extra says: On Saturday last an attack was made on two batteries

defeading Mobile Bay, by the Monitors. Two of them silenced the butteries, driving the men from their guns. This we obtain from an eye-witness of the engagement It is reported that the Robel General Mindman, while en route to Mexico, was shot by persons unknown, but supposed to be Confederates, between Oak Hall and the Pio Grande He had a number of wagons and ambulances freighted with tobacco, and it is supposed, in addition, a considerable quantity of plate and coin. When

killed he was in the advance of the train. SECOND DISPATCH.

Carno, Monday, March 20, 1865. The steamer Sticknay from New-Orleans 15th. with 250 hogsheads of sugar for St. Louis, has arrived. She had just landed when she was discovered to be on fire, but it was promptly extinguished without lajury to

the bont: Cotton at New-Orleans-no sales but considerable in quiry. Small sales of sugar at 23c. for prime; 217 23 id. for yellow ciarified; Molasses, 85c. for old crop, and \$1 90 for new.

From Memphis.

Cano, Monday, March 20, 1865.

The steamer Belle of St. Louis, from Memphis, has arrived with 200 bales of cotton for St. Louis.

To prevent goods from being seat into the enemy's lines by land or water, by means of frandulent permits.

Gen. Washburne has issued an order which prohibits permitting of goods to go beyond the line of occupation, except persons who actually come from beyond auch lines, and bring in cotton and other produce and dispose of the same to diovernment purchasing agents. The order abolisies the system by which assamboas leads of goods have been allowed to leave Memphis to be traded with the enemy.

Rejoicings at Nashville.

Lousville, Monday, March 20, 1864.

The colored citizens of Nashville had a grand procession to-day in celebration of the ratification by the people of the revised Constitution of Tennesses, which declares all slaves forever free Upwards of 5,000 joined in the procession, consisting of colored soldiers, barbers do, preceded by a band of music. The ceremonics when up with accounts by colored oreiors.